

INTERNATIONAL
DATA LINKS SOCIETY
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND CHAPTER



Which Interoperability Standards to Use – And When

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IDLS AS/NZ TDL Interoperability Summit – Mon 12 Nov 18

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SUF 2018: What Interoperability Standards to Use and When

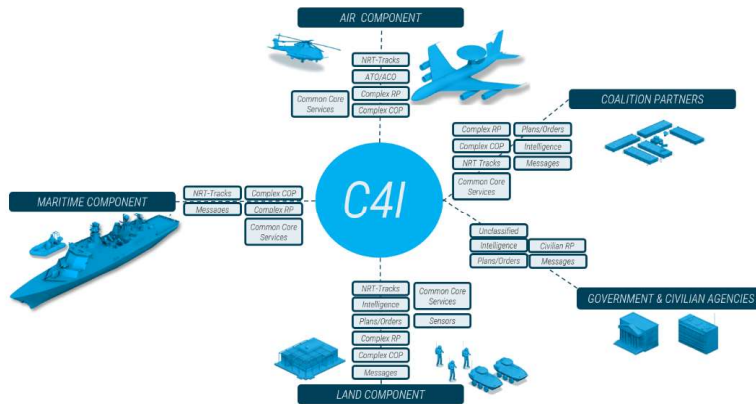
Simplifying critical decision making

This presentation is a result of a customer-requested breakout session during the 2018 SitaWare User Forum and is designed to help you consider which interoperability standard(s) to use – and when.

Category	Name	Complexity	Near-RT Tracks	Complex RP/COP	2525 Symbols	2525 Graphics	Messages
SitaWare	SHC	**	•	•	•	•	
	STC	*	•		•		•
	ADATP-3 / APP11	**		•			•
Two-Way	LINK 11	**	•				
	LINK 16	**	•				
	MIP	***		•	•	•	
	NFI/FFI	*	•				
	NVG	*		•		(•)	
	OTH-GOLD	**	•	(•)	(•)		•
	VMF	***		•	•	•	•
One-Way	WAIS	*	•				
	AIS	*	•				
	ADS-B	*	•				
	ASTERIX CAT 048	*	•				
	WMS	**		•	(•)	(•)	
	KML	**		•	(•)	(•)	

Legend: Primary option Alternative option

	SHC <small>STANAG 5016</small>	STC <small>STANAG 5016</small>	ADATP-3 APP-11	ADS-B ASTERIX	AIS	KML	Link 16 <small>STANAG 5016</small>	MIP <small>STANAG 5033</small>	NFI/FFI <small>STANAG 5021</small>	NVG	OTH-G	VMF <small>STANAG 5019</small>	PDF	WMS <small>DOC</small>	XMPP
RAP	Out	Out		In			In/Out	Out	Out						
RCP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out							
REP						In								In	
REngP	In/Out							In/Out						In	
RGP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out	Out	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out	Out	In			
RIP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out		In			
RLP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out	Out				
RmIP	Out	Out	In/Out		In	Out		Out		Out	In/Out				
RMedP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out	Out				
(J)COP	In/Out		In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out					
P&Os	In/Out	Out	In					In/Out		In/Out			In/Out		
Chat		In/Out													In/Out



	ADATP-3 APP-11	AIS	ASCA	KML	Link 16	MIP Block 2	MIP Block 3.0	MIP Block 3.1	NFI/FFI	NVG	OTH-GOLD	WMS
2004												
2005												
2006												
2007												
2008												
2009												
2010												
2011												
2012												
2013												
2014												
2015												
2016												
2017												



JWA

Hans Bohbro

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Presentation Abstract

- *Military interoperability for Command and Control (C2) systems is supported by a multitude of international standards and standardised systems; with TDL being an exemplary example of such standardised systems.*
- *This presentation will take a closer look at the interoperability standards from an information exchange viewpoint and how they may best be applied to exchange C2 information in Joint, as well as Inter-Agency and Multi-National/Coalition, domains.*

Background

THE INTRICATE WORLD OF JOINT C2 INTEROPERABILITY

- *The ability to communicate and coordinate with allied partners is essential to modern-day combined and Joint operations. However, since most nations use individual communications hardware and standards, the challenge to ensure interoperability between several partners can quickly seem overwhelmingly complex.*
- *We encourage you to provide feedback on this presentation and the associated customer handbook, and to tell us about your own challenges with interoperability, so that we can take this into consideration in future editions.*
- *Send your comments and suggestions to: interoperability@systematic.com*

About this Presentation

1. Why do we need multiple interoperability standards
2. Why is interoperability a challenge
3. Which one to use and when
4. What you need to know about the other systems
5. Why you should rely on interoperability tests
6. New Zealand Defence Force –
NEA Programme Interoperability Use Case

SitaWare Interoperability	1 APP-11 NATO Message Catalogue ADDP-3	2 OTH-GOLD Over-the-Horizon-GOLD	3 AIS Automatic Identification System Collision Maritime Tracking
4 WAIS Warning Automatic Identification System	5 USMTF United States Message Text Format	6 LINK 11 Tactical Digital Information Link	7 LINK 16 SIMPLE Standard Interface for Multiple Platform Link 16 Interface
8 LINK 16 JREAP Joint Range Extension Application Protocol	9 ADS-B Automatic Dependent Surveillance – Broadcast	10 ASTERIX CAT 048 Surveillance Data Exchange	11 NVG NATO Visual Graphics
12 KML Keyhole Markup Language Export to e.g. Google Earth	13 NFI NATO Friendly Force Information	14 MIP Multilateral Interoperability Programme Standard 1, SA, SI CISDI & JCRDI	

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- *Choose the Right Tool for the Job*
- *Level of Options and Intricacy*
- *Recognized Pictures – Situational Awareness*
- *Recommended Interoperability Matrix*
- *The Complexity in Interoperability Standards*
- *Comparing and Contrasting Interoperability Standards*
- *6 Steps to Interoperability*

SitaWare Interoperability	1 APP-11 NATO Message Catalogue ADCP-3	2 OTH-GOLD Over-the-Horizon-GOLD	3 AIS Automatic Identification System Collision Maritime Tracking
4 WAIS Wardship Automatic Identification System	5 USMTF United States Message Text Format	6 LINK 11 Tactical Digital Information Link	7 LINK 16 SIMPLE Decentralized Interface for Multiple Platform Link Evaluation
8 LINK 16 JREAP Joint Range Extension Application Protocol	9 ADS-B Automatic Broadcast Identification – Surveillance	10 ASTERIX CAT 048 Surveillance Data Exchange	11 NVG NATO Vector Graphics
12 KML Keyhole Markup Language Export to e.g. Google Earth	13 NFFI NATO Navally Force Information	14 MIP Multinational Interoperability Programme Standards 1, 3A, 3B CISRU & JCRCM	

Some Interoperability Acronyms You Should Know

ADatP-3

Allied Data Publication 3

ADS-B

Automatic Dependent Surveillance – Broadcast

AIS

Automatic Identification System

APP-6

Allied Procedural Publication 6

APP-11

Allied Procedural Publication 11

COP / JCOP

(Joint) Common Operational Picture

KML

Keyhole Markup Language

Link 16

Tactical Data Link 16

MIL-STD-2525

Joint Military Symbology

MIP

Multilateral Interoperability Programme

NFFI / FFI

NATO Friendly Force Information

NVG

NATO Vector Graphics

OTH-GOLD

Over-The-Horizon GOLD

R_P

Recognized Picture

VMF

Variable Message Format

W-AIS

Warship Automatic Identification System

WMS

Web Map Service

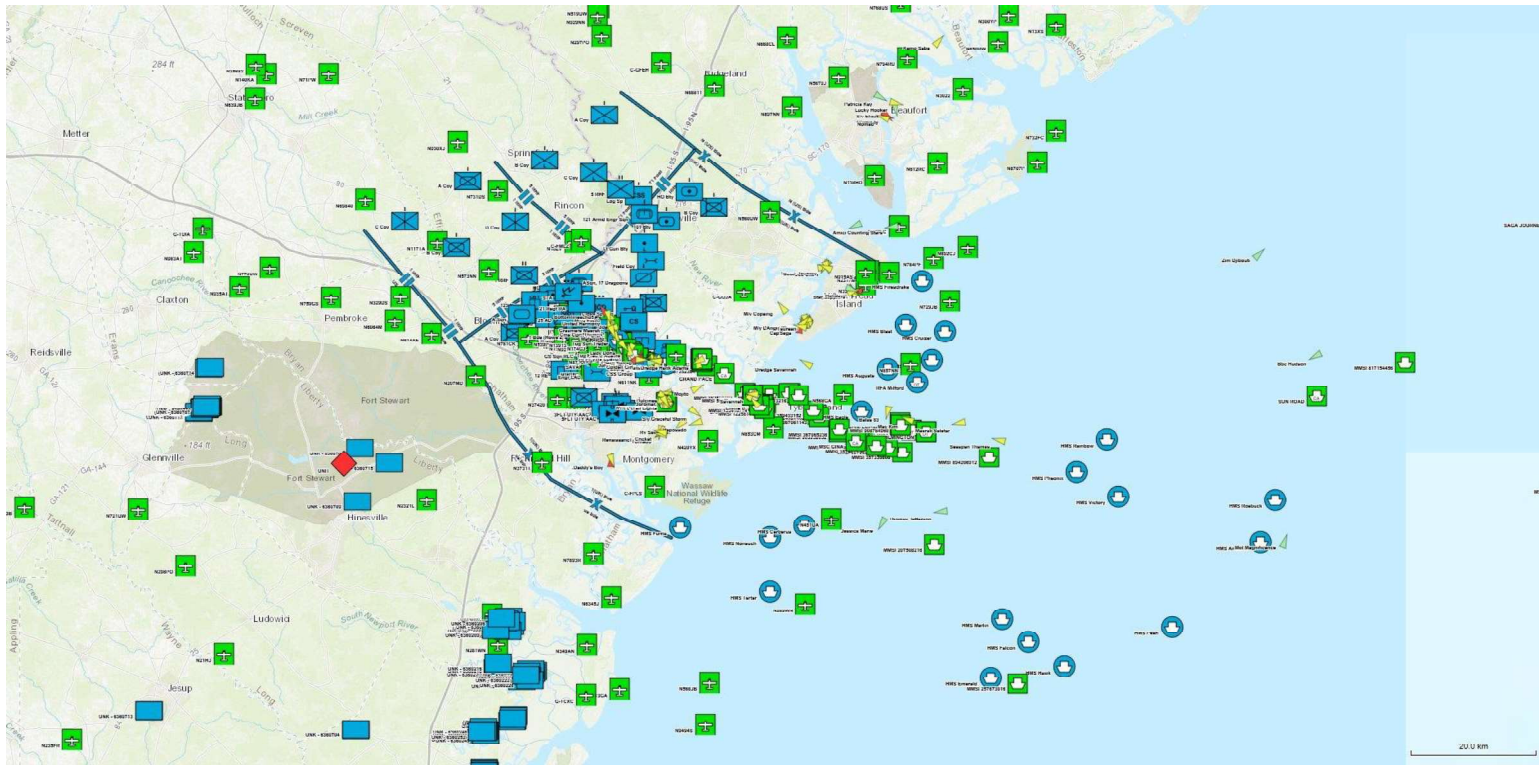
XMPP

Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol

Read the full definitions here
www.systematic.com/standards

NIEM Standard Tested - Exercise Bold Quest 17.2

Whole Exercise (US, UK, CivPop/EM, Land, Maritime, etc)



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TDL Standards in the Joint Environment (COP & CIP/RIP)

Air Domain

- Link 16 / 22
- MADL
- TTNT
- CEC
- JICD 4.2
- JREAP-C
- IBS-COP
- SADL
- CDL
- [ACO / ATO]

Maritime Domain

- Link 11 / 16 / 22
- JICD 4.2
- JREAP-C
- IBS-COP
- SADL
- CDL

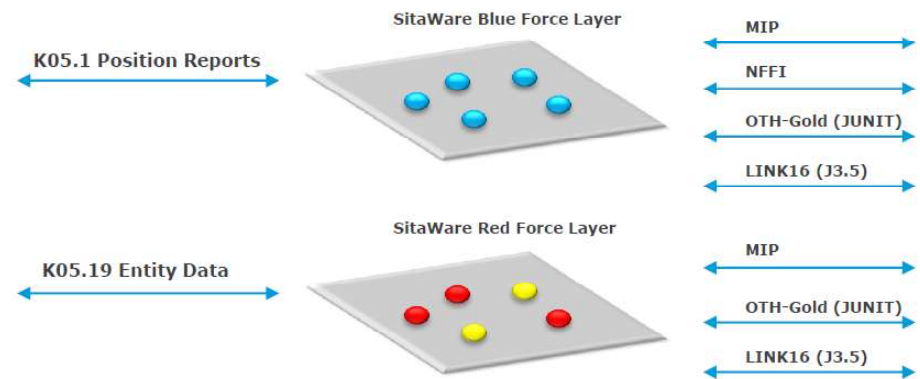
Land Domain

- VMF
- MIP (3.1 / 4.x)
- JICD 4.2
- JREAP-C
- IBS-COP
- SADL
- CDL

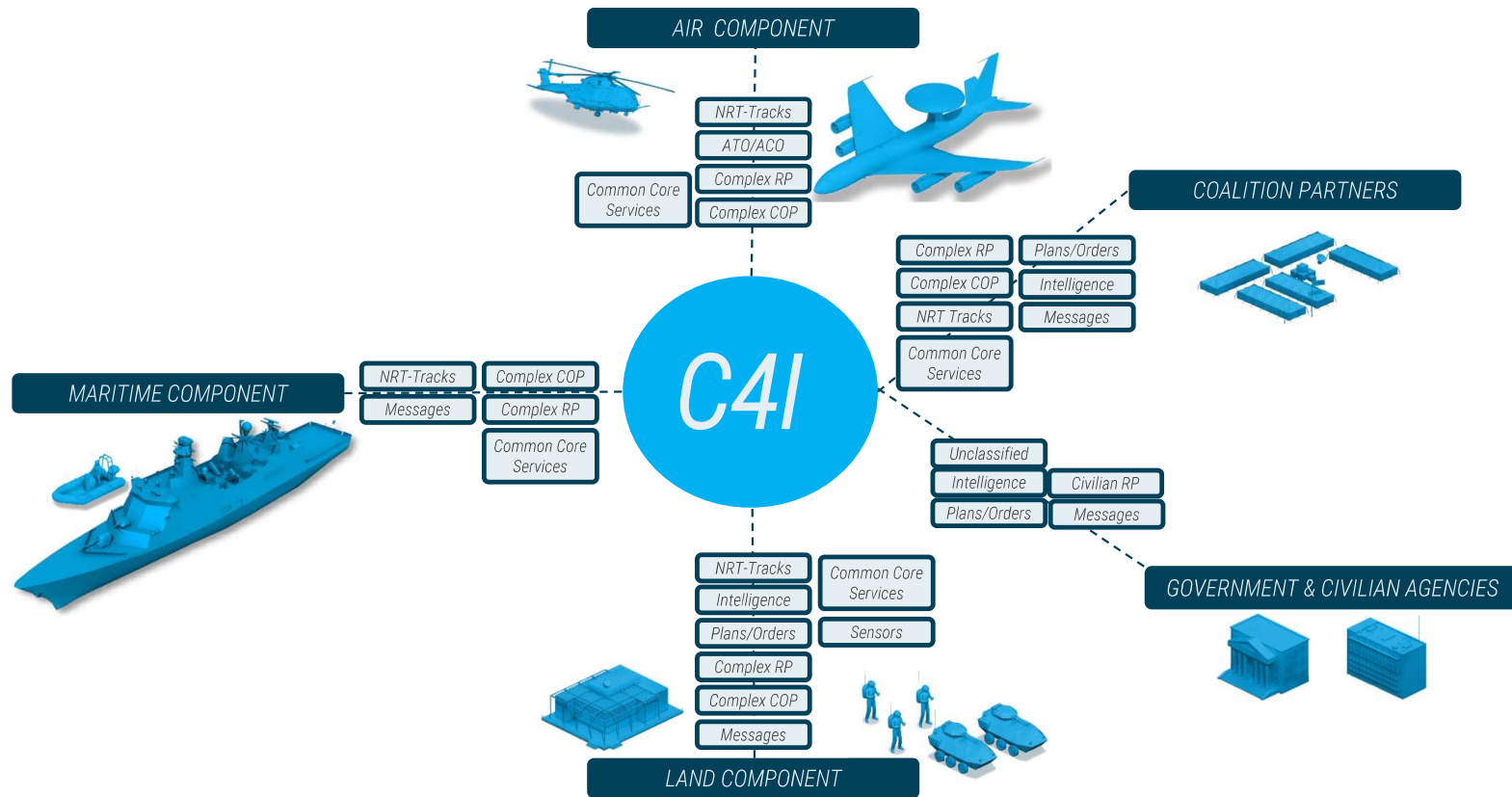
VMF Gateway for SitaWare Headquarters ****NEW****

Add-on Product for IRIS Forms 5.7 and SitaWare Headquarters 6.8 Coalition Gateway (October 2018)

- Automatic Exchange of Blue and Red Picture
- TCP/UDP VMF contract in SitaWare Headquarters
- Support for VMF Headers MIL-STD-2045-47001(C)
- Support for VMF MIL-STD-6017 (Flat) and MIL-STD-6017A+

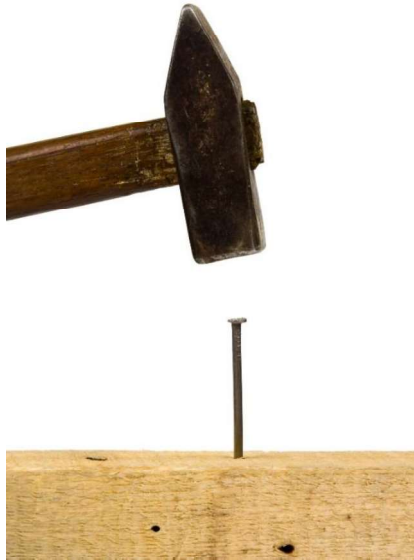


Information Exchange Between Domains



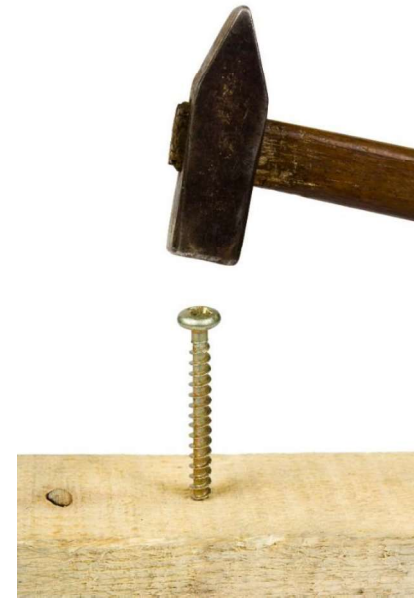
Use the right Tool for the Job

As with any task, you must **select the right tool for the job**. While it is possible to hammer in a screw, the process – and result – would be less than ideal.



"Made for"

vs.



"Usable for"



Interoperability Standards

- *To achieve optimum interoperability, you must first choose the interoperability standard that best suits your operational needs.*



- *Every interoperability standard is designed to fulfill a specific purpose and some are intentionally more sophisticated – and therefore more complex – than others.*
 - *TDL system standards arguably fit this category (complex).*

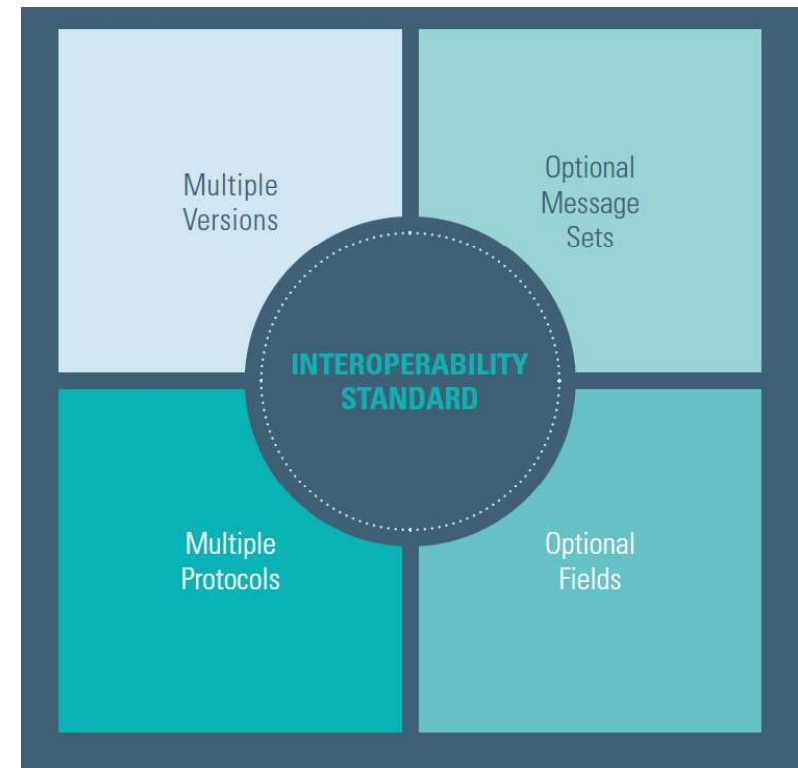
- *Achieving successful interoperability is not just a question of conforming to the standards of your coalition partners and allies.*



- *It is firstly a matter of selecting the right standard for your own needs – and then ensuring compatibility with your partners.*
 - *ADF are among those nations that succeeded in setting standards for their own forces, through selection of TDL as a baseline for all 3 Services.*

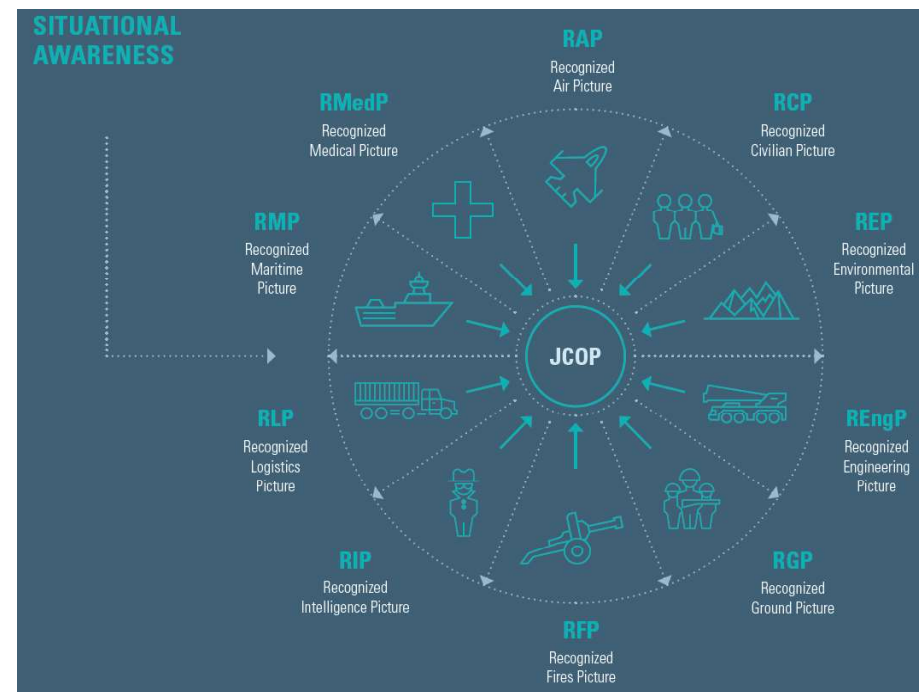
THE COMPLEXITY IN INTEROPERABILITY STANDARDS

- Numerous elements must align for successful interoperability and information exchange between coalition partners:
 - Must choose common or compatible protocols and formats
 - Must take into account that one standard may contain multiple versions
 - each with optional message sets and optional fields that may be incompatible with other versions of the same standard.
 - Must consider the individual standard.
 - Some standards are designed to exchange comprehensive information (eg. MIP), whereas others strictly focus on short and specific information (eg. AIS) with lower risk of misunderstandings.
 - If done incorrectly, translating a richer language into a simpler system will result in the loss of information – and vice versa.
- Whenever you add an interoperability standard, you increase the level of complexity. Therefore, aim at keeping conversions to a minimum.



RECOGNIZED PICTURES – SITUATIONAL AWARENESS

- **Recognized Pictures (RxP)** play an integral part in the collaborative planning, combined execution of orders, and situational awareness of modern military operations.
- Sharing data allows forces to coordinate rapidly, avoid blue-on-blue engagements, and achieve information superiority.
- Recognized Pictures are collected from each of the participants in an operation – the armed forces, civilian and government actors – to compose the Joint Common Operational Picture (JCOP).
- Based on received Recognized Pictures and individual analysis, higher echelon headquarters correlates and composes the JCOP, which provides complete situational awareness for Commanders and partners.
- The success of combined Joint operations relies greatly on collective situational awareness and the ability to coordinate battle plans.
- Successful interoperability is the prerequisite for this to all occur.



COMPARING STANDARDS

- *Interoperability standards support the exchange of Recognized Pictures at vastly different levels. While some only support the exchange of simple Position Location Information, others are able to express much richer pictures that include military symbols, such as units, equipment, and control features.*
- *Interoperability standards, such as KML and WMS, are able to render and convey military symbols but they do not possess the proper geometric representation so they cannot convert the information to other standards – hence the parenthesis in the table opposite.*

Comparing and Contrasting Standards

Category	Name	Information Complexity	Near-Real-Time Tracks	Complex RP/COP	MIL-STD-2525 Symbols	MIL-STD-2525 Graphics	Messages
SitaWare	SHC	Medium	●	●	●	●	
	STC	Low	●		●	●	●
Two-Way	ADATP-3 / APP11	Medium		●			●
	LINK11	Medium	●				
	LINK16	Medium	●				
	MIP	High		●	●	●	
	NFFI / FFI	Low	●		●		
	NVG	Low		●		(●)	
	OTH-GOLD	Medium	●	(●)	(●)		●
	VMF	High	●	●	●	●	●
One-Way	WAIS	Low	●				
	AIS	Low	●				
	ADS-B	Low	●				
	ASTERIX CAT 048	Low	●				
	WMS	Low		●	(●)	(●)	
	KML	Medium		●	(●)	(●)	

Legend: (●) = partially supported

Recognised Pictures Typically Exchanged

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Typical Content</i>
<i>RAP</i>	<i>Recognised Air Picture</i>	<i>FFTs, contacts, planning data, targets, features</i>
<i>RCP</i>	<i>Recognised Civil Picture</i>	<i>Actors, demographics, planning data, targets, features</i>
<i>REP</i>	<i>Recognised Environmental Picture</i>	<i>Meteorology, geospatial</i>
<i>REngP</i>	<i>Recognised Engineering Picture</i>	<i>Obstacles, mines, bridges, terrain</i>
<i>RFP</i>	<i>Recognised Fires Picture</i>	<i>FFTs, targets, meteorology, planning data, events</i>
<i>RGP</i>	<i>Recognised Ground Picture</i>	<i>FFTs, contacts, planning data, targets, features</i>
<i>RIP</i>	<i>Recognised Intelligence Picture</i>	<i>Contacts, planning data, targets, events, actors, features</i>
<i>RLP</i>	<i>Recognised Logistics Picture</i>	<i>FFTs, routes, facilities, planning data, targets</i>
<i>RMP</i>	<i>Recognised Maritime Picture</i>	<i>FFTs, contacts, planning data, targets, features</i>
<i>RMedP</i>	<i>Recognised Medical Picture</i>	<i>Facilities, planning data, targets, events, features</i>
<i>JCOP</i>	<i>Joint Common Operational Picture</i>	<i>All</i>

Recommended Interoperability Matrix (Land-Joint)

This matrix view applies when working with SitaWare suite of BMAs

RECOMMENDED INTEROPERABILITY MATRIX FROM A LAND & JOINT PERSPECTIVE

Primary option ■ Alternative option ■

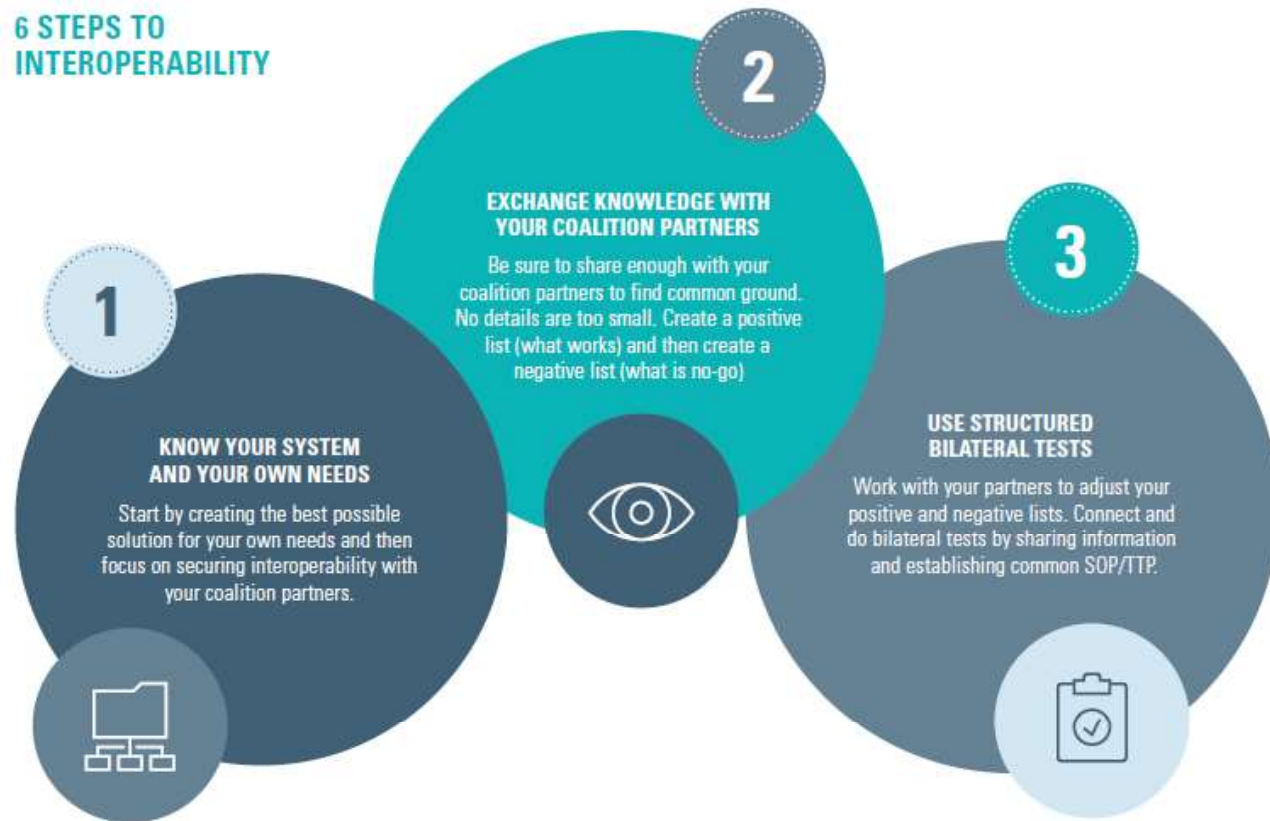
	SHC SITAWARE	STC SITAWARE	ADatP-3 APP-11	ADS-B ASTERIK	AIS NMEA 0183	KML DGC	LINK 16 STANAG 5516	MIP STANAG 5525	NFF/FFI STANAG 5527	NVG STANAG 4723	OTH-GOLD	VMF STANAG 5519	W-AIS STANAG 4628	WMS DGC	XMPP (Chat)
RAP	Out	Out		In			In/Out	Out	Out						
RCP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out							
REP						In								In	
REngP	In/Out							In/Out						In	
RFP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out	In/Out	In/Out		In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			
RGP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out	Out	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out	Out	In			
RIP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out		In			
RLP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out	Out				
RMP	Out	Out	In/Out		In	Out		Out		Out	In/Out		In		
RMedP	In/Out	In/Out	In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out	Out				
(J)COP	In/Out		In/Out			Out		In/Out		In/Out					
PLANS & ORDERS	In/Out	Out	In					In/Out		In/Out					
Chat		In/Out													In/Out

Legend:
 SHC – SitaWare Headquarters Communications
 STC – SitaWare Tactical Communications

6 Steps to Interoperability

1. Know Your Own System(s) and Operational Needs
2. Exchange Knowledge with Coalition Partners
3. Use Structured bi-lateral tests, to reinforce technical, process, and training maturity

6 STEPS TO INTEROPERABILITY



6 Steps to Interoperability



4. *Embed (Coalition) Common SOP/TTPs into National SOP/TTPs*
5. *Use Structured Multilateral Test Events (FMN, MPE based)*
6. *Maintain Your Interoperability Capability and Standards*



CWID



CWIX



Combined Endeavor



Trident Warrior



Bold Quest



Allied Spirit



JWA

Interoperability Test Events – SitaWare Pedigree

Simplifying critical decision making

	ADatP-3 APP-11	AIS	ASCA	KML	Link 16	MIP Block 2	MIP Block 3.0	MIP Block 3.1	NFFI/FFI	NVG	OTH-GOLD	WMS
2002-6												
2007												
2008												
2009												
2010												
2011												
2012												
2013												
2014												
2015												
2016												
2017												

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